The occurrence of genital prolapse of uterus in a pregnant woman who does not have this disease before pregnancy is an exceptional situation. This condition can lead to maternal complications ranging from simple cervical lacerations to maternal death. The management of pregnancy and childbirth must be adapted to each patient.

We report a rare case of a patient who had a genital prolapse at 22 weeks gestation, which has worsened progressively.

Our patient had his child capital. she gave birth by Caesarean section and had a hysterectomy with uneventful. we felt this management adapted to the situation of our patient.