ANOMALIES OF FEMALE SEXUAL ORGANS AND PREGNANCY
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The birth of healthy embryo is subject to many factors. It is important to detect them preconceptionally. They occur during intrauterine development and differentiation. The prevalence is 6.7%. The can be caused by viral and parasitic diseases, the use of drugs. They are represented as the hymen without perforations, transverse buckheads and atresia vaginal, aplasia or atresia cervical, Sy Kustner Rokitansky Hauser, uterus arcuatus, uterus septus or subseptus, bicornis unicolis or bicolis, didelphus cum vagina duplex... The consequences are amenorrhea, infertility, miscarriages, premature births, low birth weight embryo. Diagnosis is made by ultrasonography, hysteroscopical, laparoscopy, MR. Th is individual.

The aim of the project
We want to show the possibilities of primary health care for women for successful management of these pregnancies.

Display of cases
1. Patient D.M. 1983. age 1th pregnancy blighted ovum m.I.II. In next pregnancy ultrasound examinations were carried out 5 times. A live female child was obtained by surgery 1800/40.


All patients were first examined in our services, when at us examination are detected anomalies. All of them had one vagina and uterus bicornis unicolis. There were no hospitalizations. The embryos were low body weight. Conclusion: Great importance in detection of these changed has preconceptionally ultrasound examination. The course of pregnancy is caused by good connections to gynecologist at all levels of health care.

Lit 1. Malformations of the uterus Julius Jarcho Am. J. Surg. 71. 106/6