Term pregnancy in uterus bicornis

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Mullerian duct anomalies occur in 0.1 to 2% of woman and associated with problems such as abortus, premature labour, premature rupture of membranes, miscarriage.

Case: A 28 old primigravid woman conceived pregnancy after 3 missed abortion and curettage, after three years of infertility. HSG results that she have a bicornuate uterus. In the first ultrasound examination was diagnosed pregnancy in left corn. During pregnancy the patient was monitored with ultrasound examination every three weeks to access fetal growth and measure cervical length. After 28 weeks of pregnancy in ultrasound examination we see that placenta was in left corn and fetus in the right corn.

The patient is hospitalised in 38 weeks of gestation in Infertility department KOGJ Prishtina. At 40 weeks gestation, elective cesarian section was performed. One girl in cephalic presentation was delivered by S.C. Birth weights was 2780/52 and AS:8/9. During the SC we have seen the same position that we have seen in ultrasound examination; baby in right corn and placenta left corn.

Conclusion

Incidence of such pregnancy is very low. But good perinatal care helps a lot to have a term baby in uterus bicornis.

Key words: Mullerian anomaly, term pregnancy.